

Probing Contextual Language Models for Common Ground with Visual Representations



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Motivation

How do **text representations** relate to the visual world?



Motivation

How do **text representations** relate to the visual world?



a dog is sleeping
on the floor

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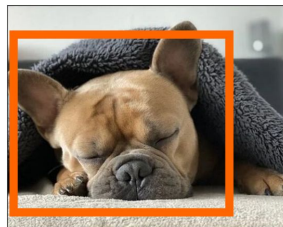
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Motivation

How do **text representations** relate to the visual world?



?



a **dog** is sleeping
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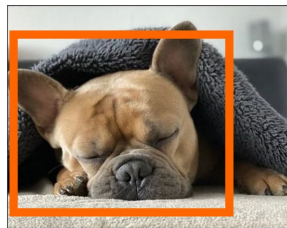
We measure whether contextual **text representations** of concrete **objects** are effective in finding aligned image patches

Motivation

Context is critical for this investigation



a **dog** is sleeping
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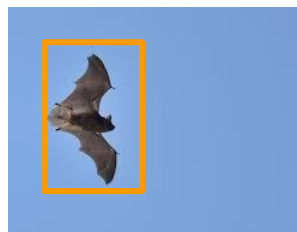


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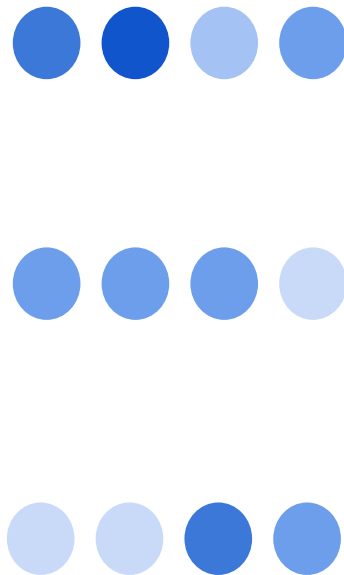
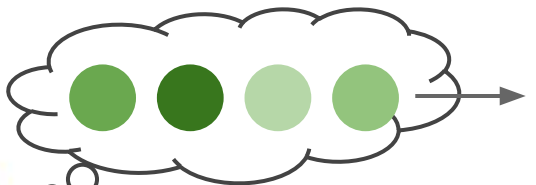


A **bat** flying in
the sky

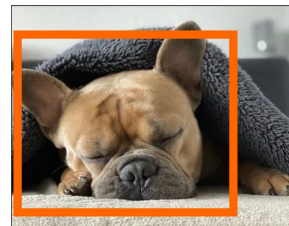


Overview

Our method uses a lightweight **probe** that measures how **text** and **visual** representations are related



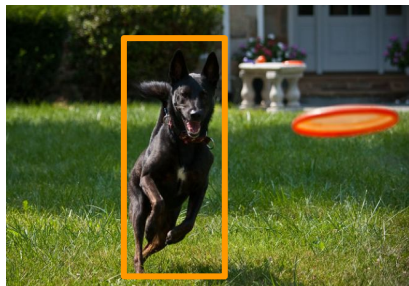
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Method – collecting representations

We find aligned representations of concrete **objects**

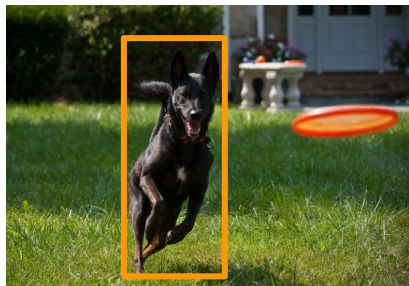
a **dog** is chasing
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Method - collecting representations

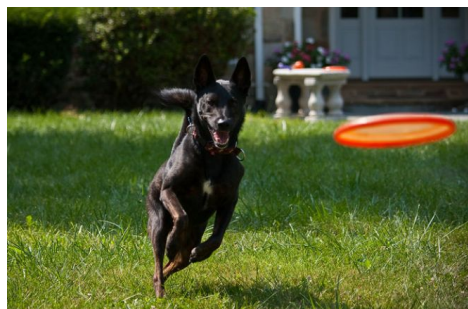
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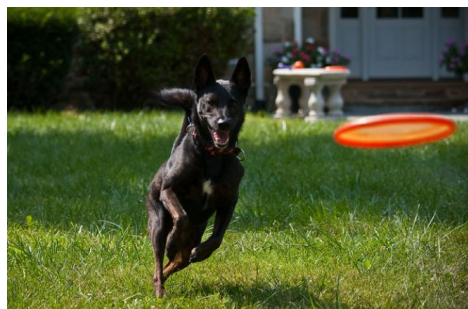
From image captioning datasets, we find aligned pairs of **instances**
using a trained object detector



a dog is chasing an
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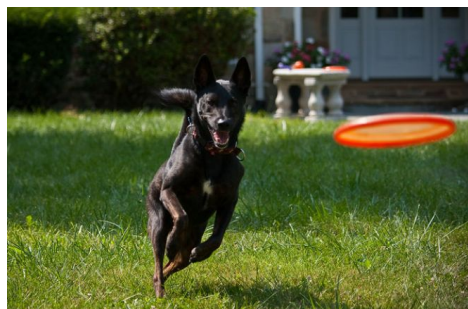
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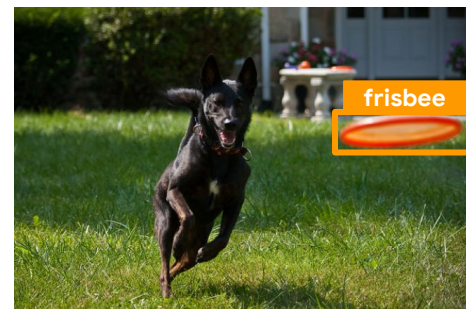
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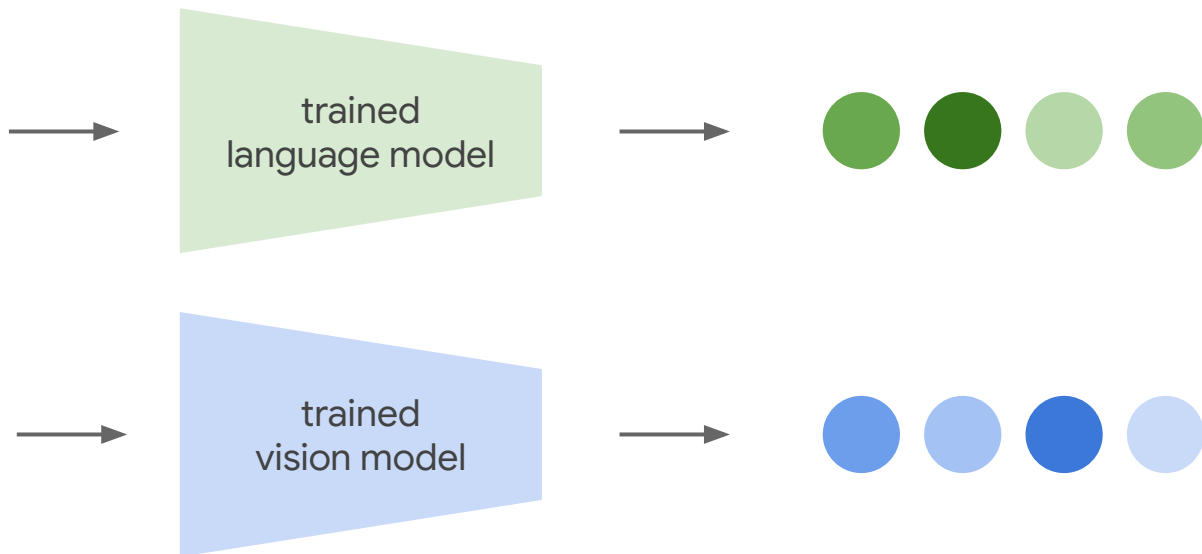


a dog is chasing an
orange **frisbee**

Method - Collecting Data

Text and **visual** representations are extracted by trained models

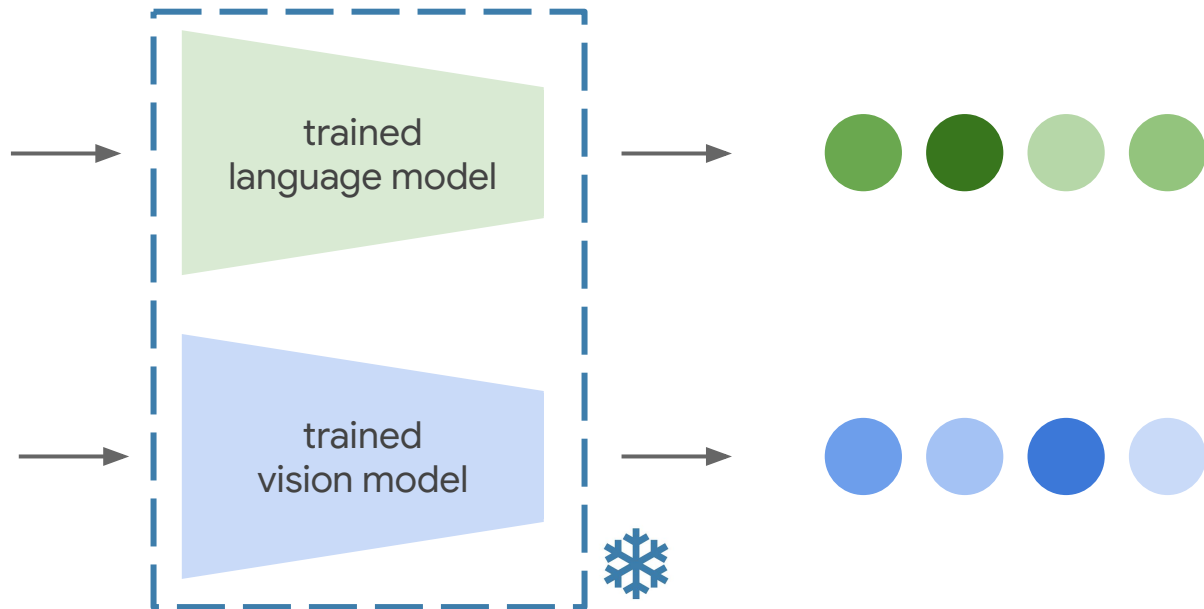
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Method - Collecting Data

Text and **visual** representations are extracted by trained models

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Method - Inspecting Text Representations

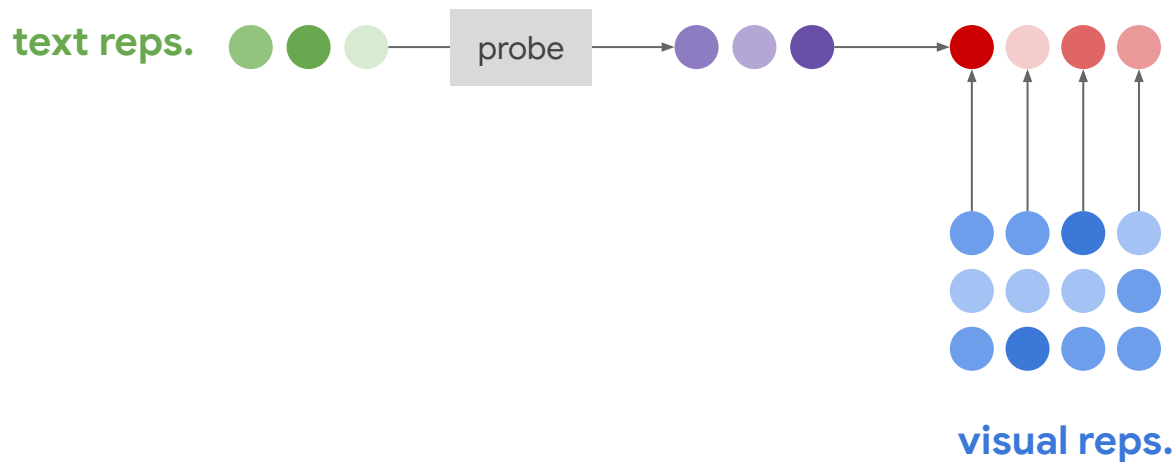
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Method - Inspecting Text Representations

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We compute the **dot product** between **projected representations** and **visual representations**

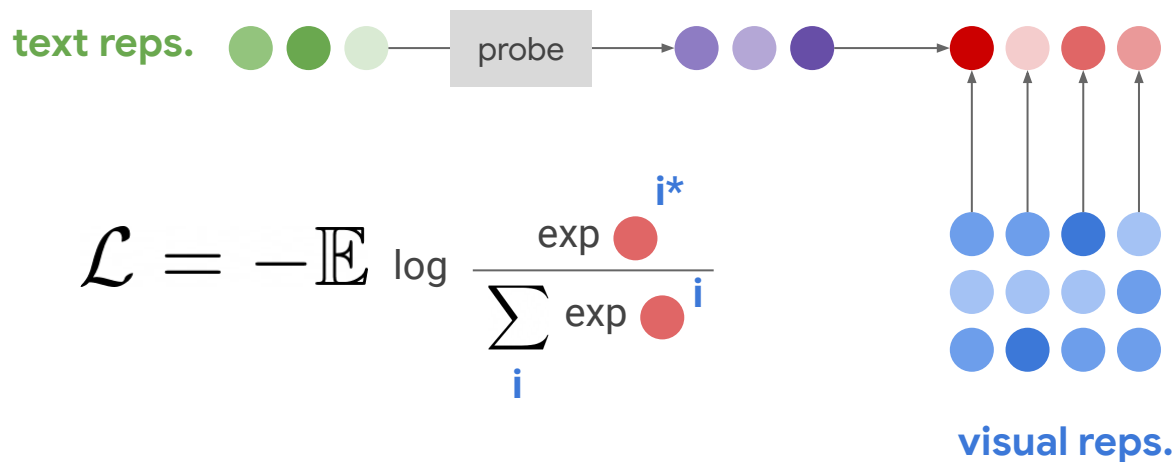


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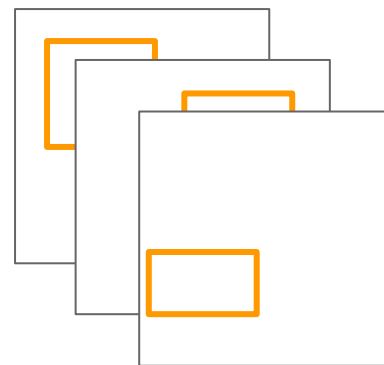
The **probe** is optimized via a **contrastive loss**, InfoNCE (Oord et al., 2018)



Method - Evaluation

We then evaluate by retrieving image patches of **unseen object categories**

a man in the park is
flying a **kite**



top-K retrieved
image patches

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We report two metrics:

- **Category Recall at K:**
 - how often an image patch of the correct object category was in the top-K

Method – Evaluation

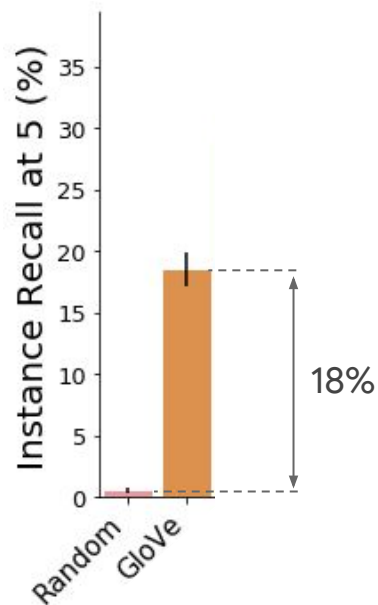
We then evaluate by retrieving image patches of **unseen object categories**.

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- **Category Recall at K:**
 - how often an image patch of the correct object category was in the top-K
- **Instance Recall at K:**
 - how often the correct instance was in the top-K

Results

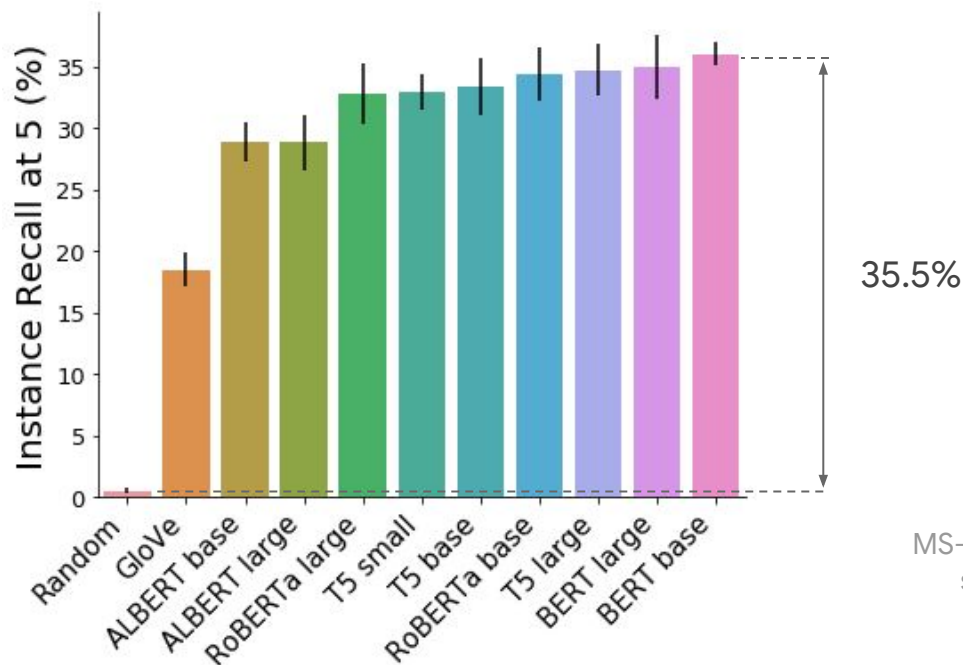
Language representations provide a strong signal for retrieval



Instance retrieval results on MS-COCO using 1000 test samples spanning 200 unseen object categories

Results

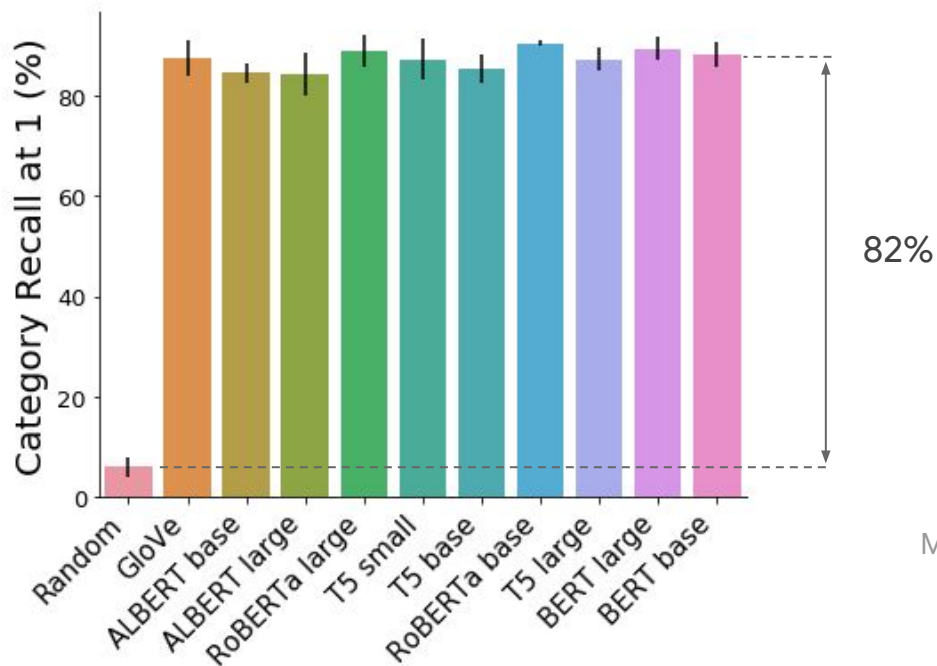
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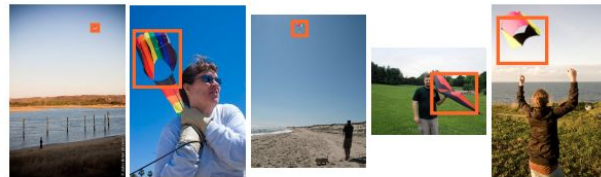
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Results - Qualitative Results

There is a man in the park flying a **kite**.

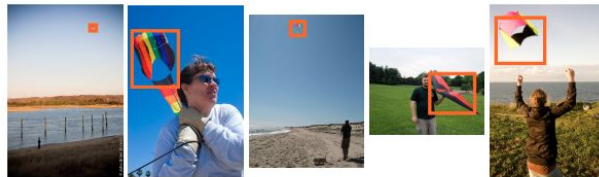


A person flying a colorful kite on a **beach**.

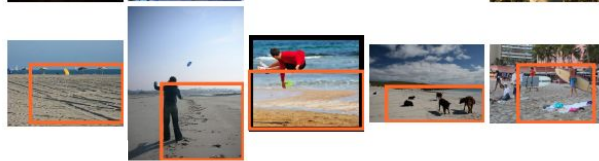


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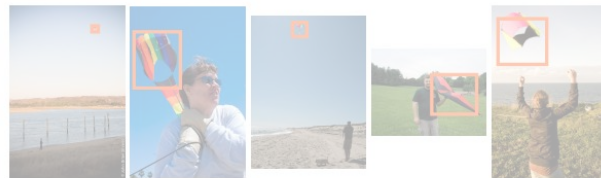


A person flying a colorful **kite** on a **beach**.

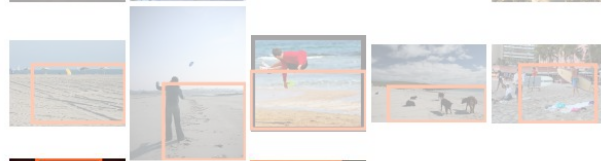


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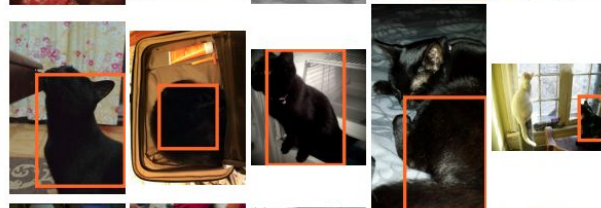
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A **cat**.



A black **cat**.

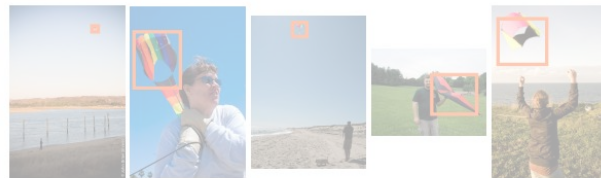


A **cat** sleeping.

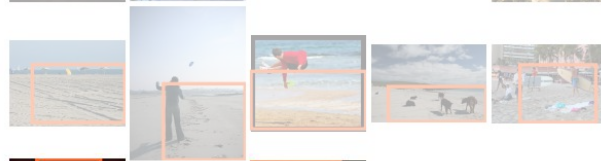


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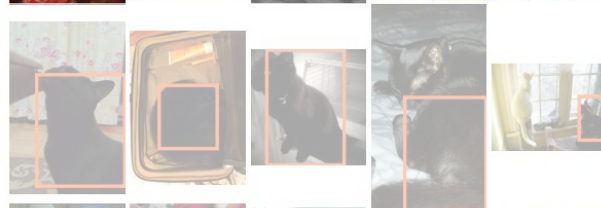
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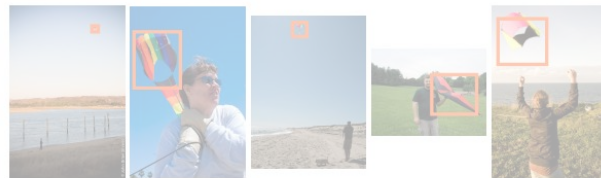


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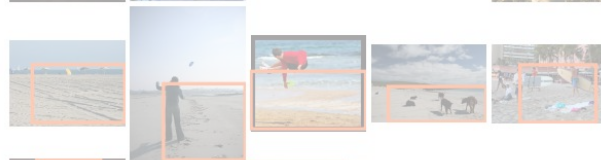


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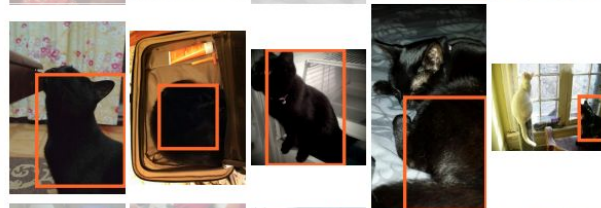
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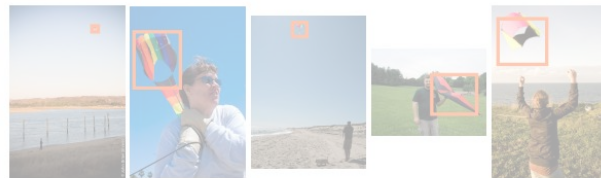


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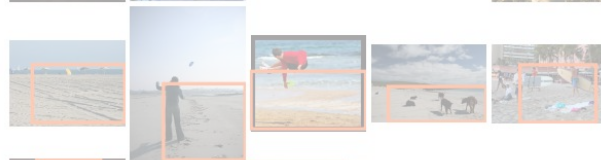


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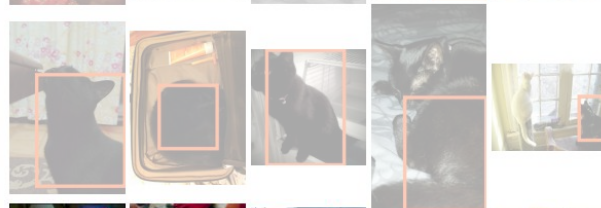
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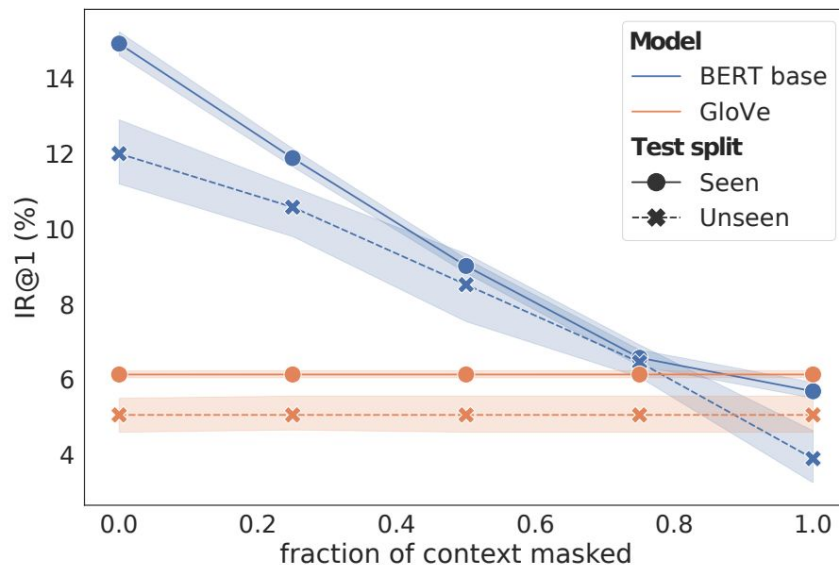


A **cat** sleeping.



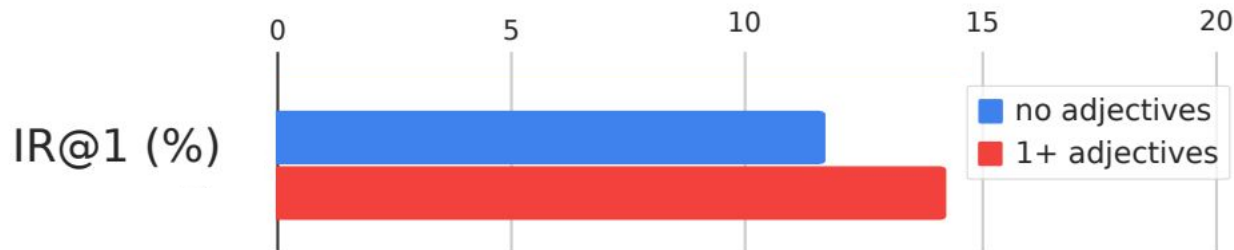
Results - Influence of context

Performance of contextual models quickly degrades as context tokens are progressively masked out



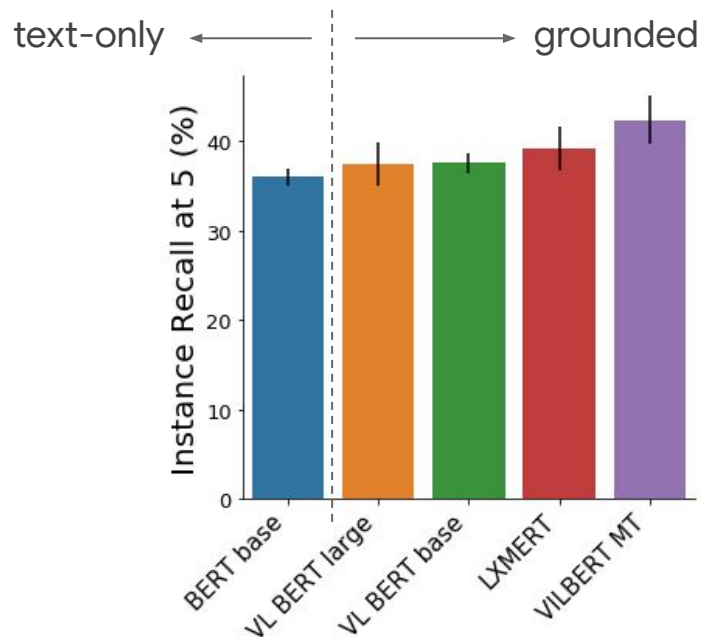
Results - Influence of context

More descriptive sentences lead to better retrieval:
performance increases when objects are accompanied by at least one adjective



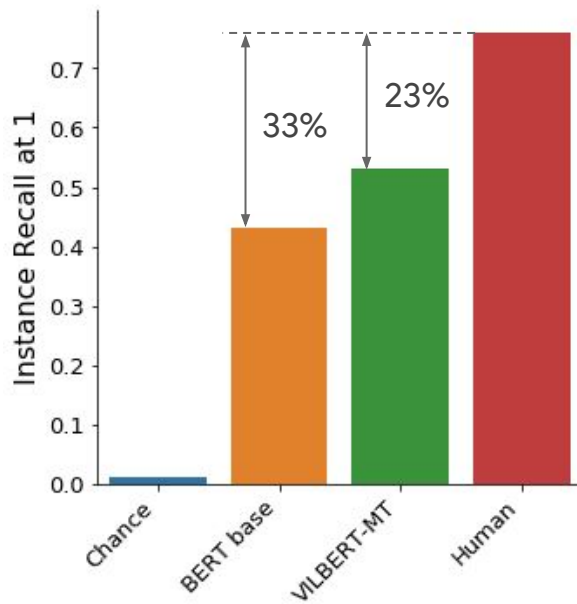
Results - Grounded Models

Grounded models slightly outperform text-only models



Results - Human Experiments

All models substantially underperform humans



Takeaways

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- We introduce a method for measuring similarities between text and visual representations

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 - We explore how results are affected by variables such as context and explicit grounding during training

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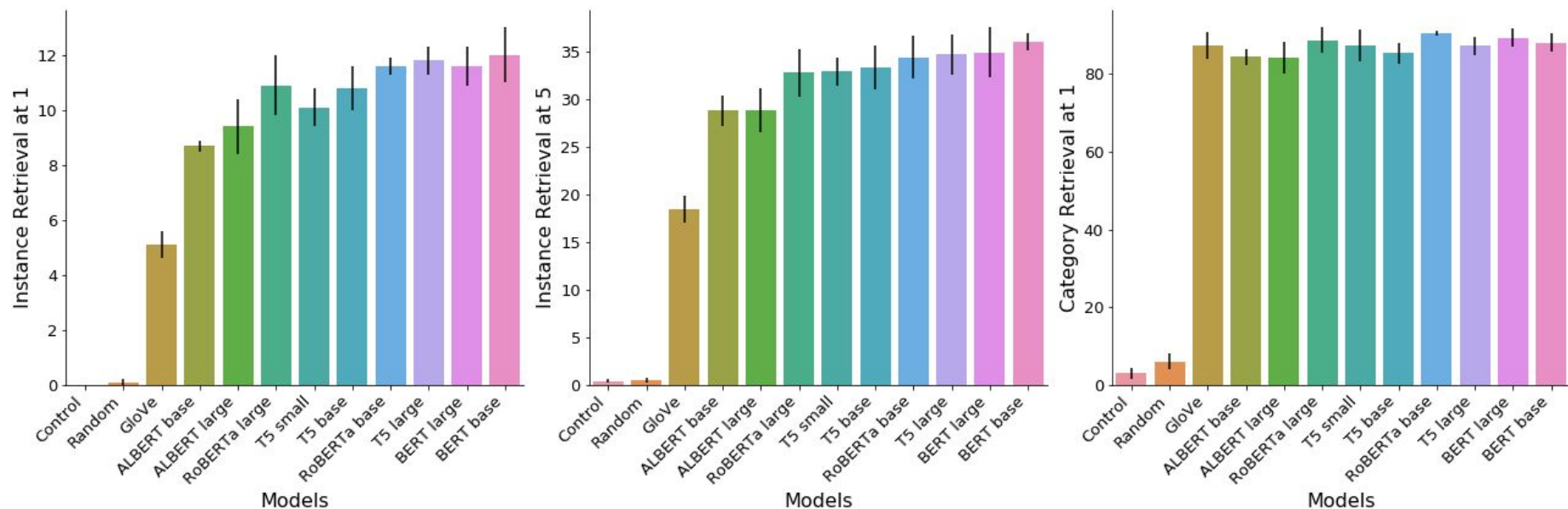
- We introduce a method for measuring similarities between text and visual representations
- Contextual language representations are useful in finding aligned image patches
 - We explore how results are affected by variables such as context and explicit grounding during training
- All studied models significantly underperform humans, showing much room for future progress

Thank you!

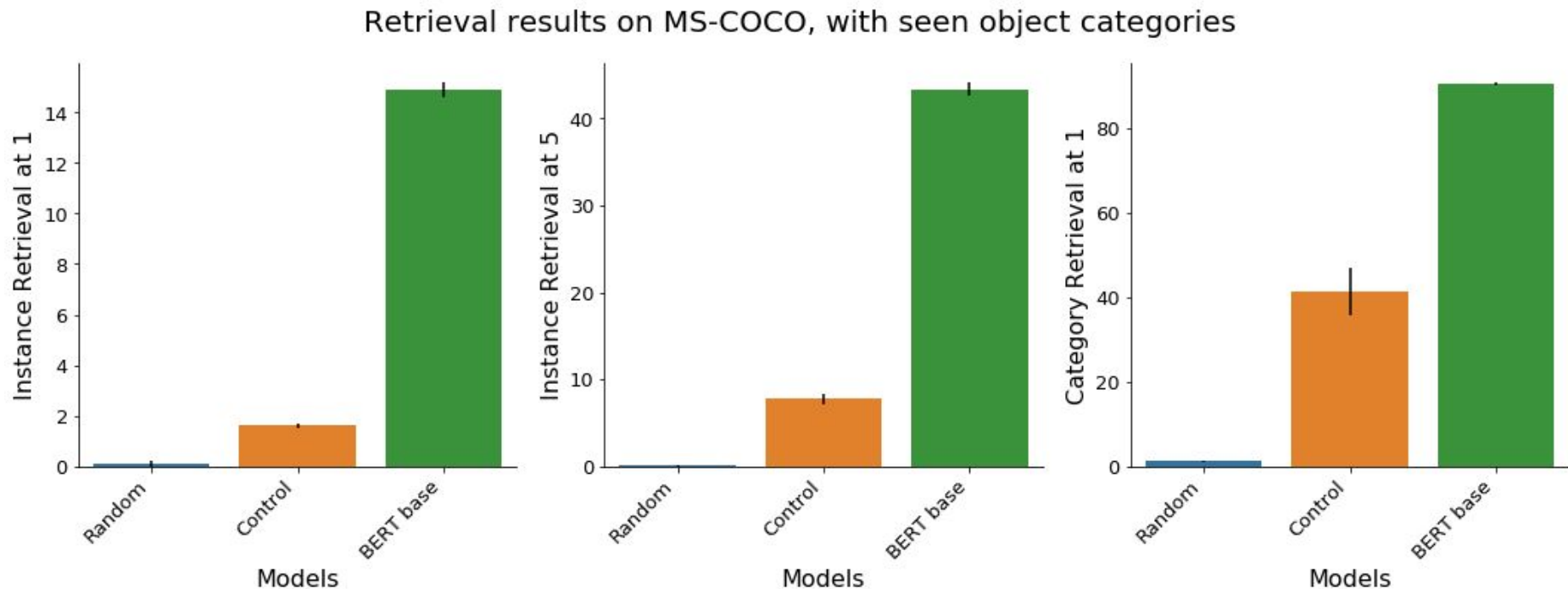


Results - Control

Retrieval results on MS-COCO, with unseen object categories

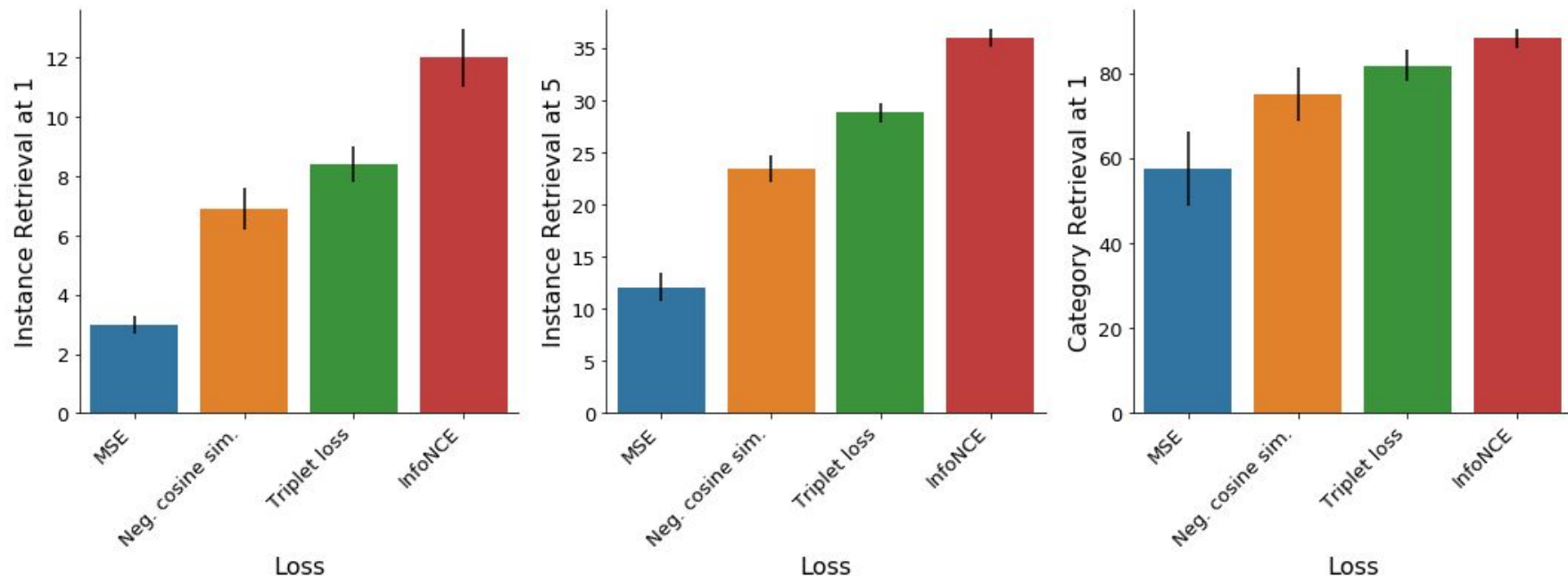


Results - Seen object categories



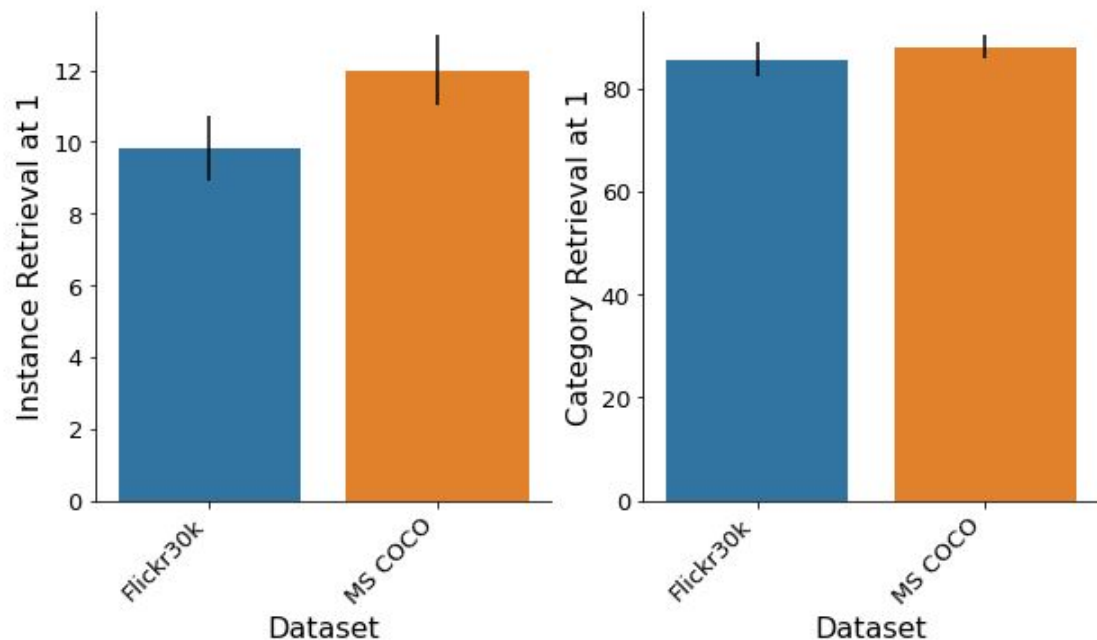
Results - Loss ablations

Retrieval results on MS-COCO, with unseen object categories

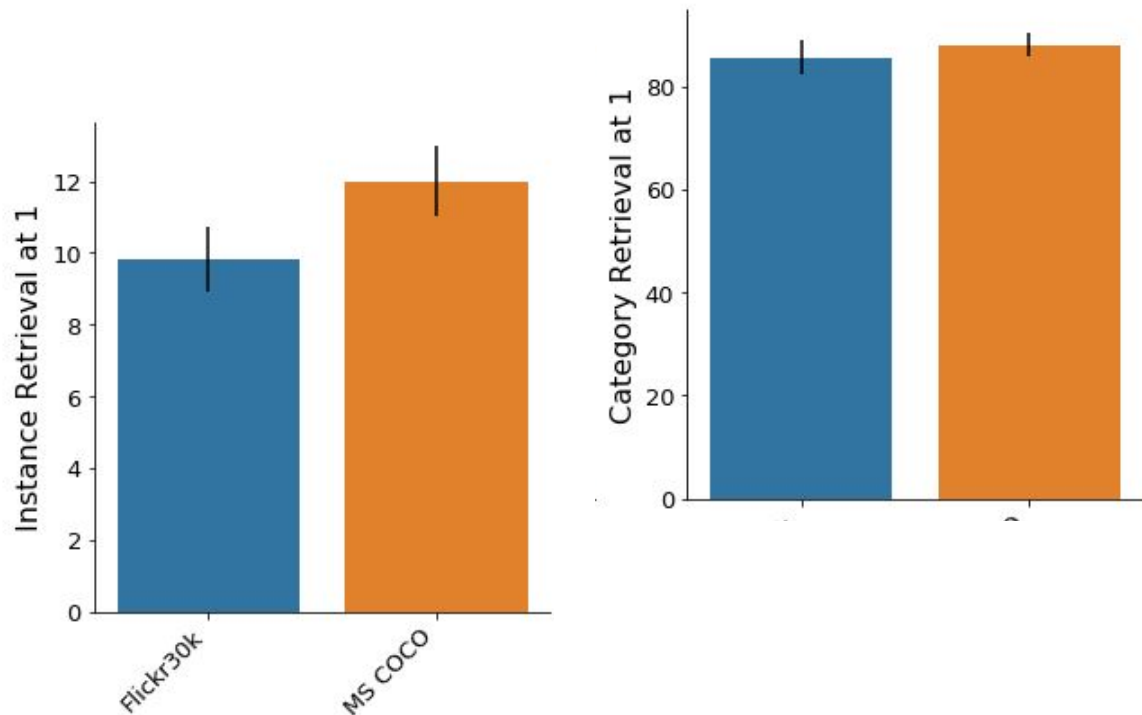


Results - Data ablations

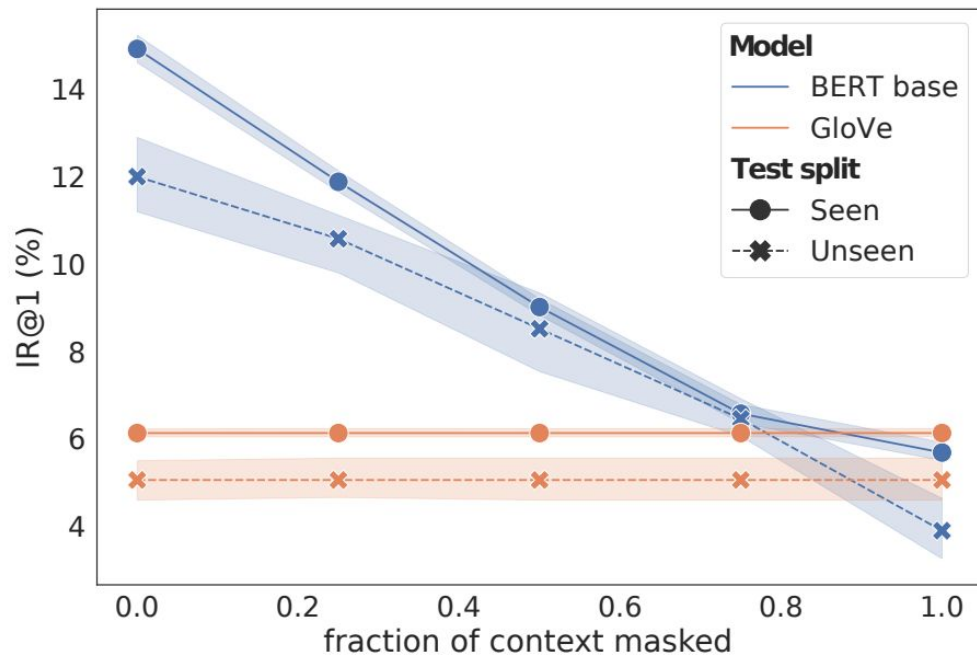
Retrieval results on multiple datasets, with unseen object categories



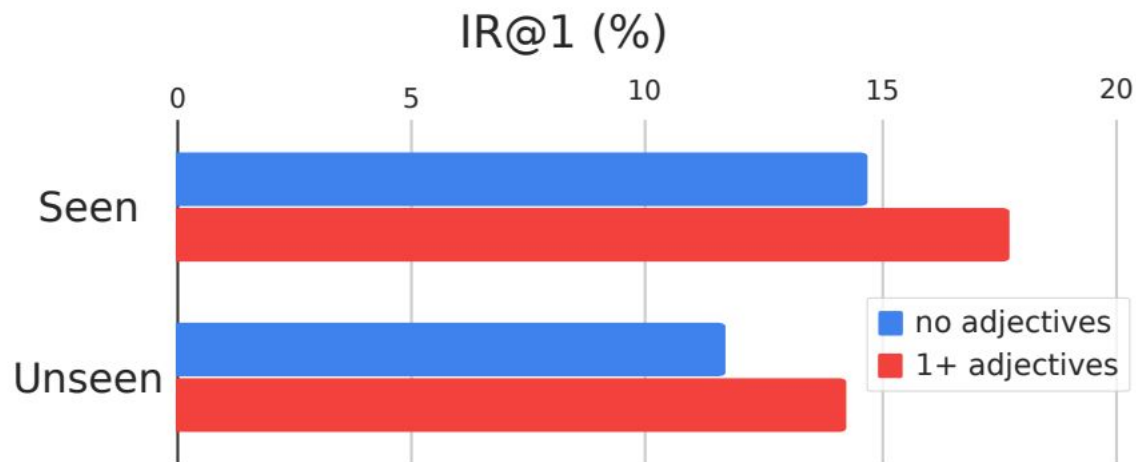
Results - Data ablations



Results - Influence of context

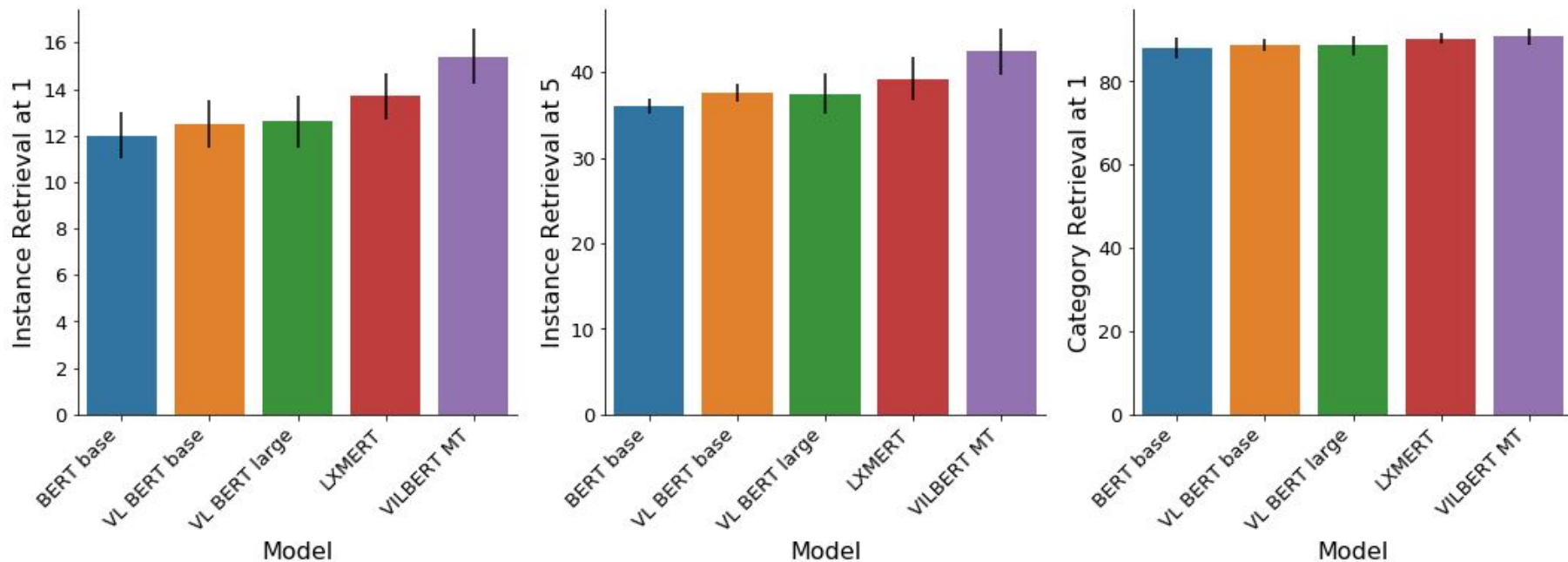


Results - Influence of context



Results - Grounded Models

Retrieval results for grounded models, with unseen object categories



Results - Grounded Models

